

Innovation und Adaption in der Forstwirtschaft am Beispiel Schweden

Charlotte Bengtsson, CEO



Short about me

- MSc in Civil Engineering, 1994
- PhD in Timber Engineering, 1999
- Prof in Wood Construction, 2008
- Manager SP Wood Technology, 2008 2014
- SCEO Skogforsk 2015 -
- Researcher, grading of timber, durability, modified wood, glued wood products...
- European standardisation, structural timber
- Soard member in several reserch foundations dealing with wood research and forestry



growing population I climate change energy consumption I food & water FORESTRY

urbanization I globalization I digitization



"Skogforsk shall provide Swedish forestry with applicable knowledge, services and products that will contribute to profitable, sustainable forestry, thereby enhancing the competitiveness of the sector and ensuring that important societal objectives are met."



Skogforsk in brief



Forestry and the government in collaboration

Annual turnover ≈180 MSEK

Applied research, development and innovation for a sustainable and profitable forestry

Approx 125 employees in three locations

Research areas:

- Forest Production

- Wood Supply

Communication of knowledge

Seed- and fieldservice, nurseries



Research strategy and core competence

	Forest Pr Marie Lars	oduction sson-Stern		Wood Supply Magnus Thor		
Tree Breeding, North	Tree Breeding, South	Silviculture & Environment	Operations and Products	Forest Energy	Planning	
Bengt Andersson Gull	Bo Karlsson	Isabelle Bergkvist	Rolf Björheden	Maria Iwarsson Wide	Gert Andersson	



Productive and gentle forest operations

- financed by Swedish forestry (50 MSEK through Skogforsk's Board of Directors)





World Leading Exporters





Source: Swedish Forest Industries Federation, CEPI, PPI, FAO, National Associations



Growth is larger than fellings

Total standing volume



Annual cut and annual forest increment



Million m³ total volume over bark



Ownership of Forest Land



**Municipalities, Country Councils, Foundations, Funds, etc.

***Common Lands, Forest Commons, the Church of Sweden.

Source: Swedish Forest Agency



Protection of forests

Forest exempted from forestry, year 2011

Protection type	Million hectares	Percentage of total forest area
Formally protected	2.0	7.0 %
Forest land voluntarily set aside for conservation purposes	1.1*	3.9 %
Unproductive forest land, i.e. low productive forest land which is protected according to the Forestry Act	4.0	14.1 %
Total	7.1	25 %

*) The figure refers to productive forest land below the boundary of sub-montane forest. A recent study indicates that the figure is underestimated.

Source: Statistical Yearbook of Forestry. Swedish Forest Agency.



More data and information can be found in

http://www.ksla.se/publikationer/ovriga-publikationer/forestsand-forestry-in-sweden/



Large investments



- § 17 billion SEK decided
- Main investments in upgraded pulp- and sawmills
- Also new factories for prefabricated houses (multistorey houses)
- What does this mean for our forestry?





Looking ahead – big picture

§ Compliance

- Solution Climate Change and other global challenges
- 9 Public confidence/reliability
- § Attractiveness
 - Sustainability
 - Sural development
 - Seliable market for manufacturers
- § Adaptability
 - S New technology in forestry applications
 - Saw material supply for coming needs







Productivity in forest operations, m³fo/manday (3 year mean values)







Smarter operations







Best



Way

Alt	ernative 1	Alternative 2
Landings:	3	2
Bridges:	3	3
Distance [km]:	223	240
Time[h]:	89	92









Cultural heritage

- S Hillshade from digital elevation model (DEM) derived from lidar data
- Signs of "rings" indicate charcoal pits





Digitalization and Big Data







High Capacity Transport



- 8-20 % less CO₂ and fuel
- No effect on road wear

42 vehicles in demonstration

Bernessende

- Mostly timber trucks
- New legislation in pipeline

Technical development



Gentle ground contact











(Semi) automation



"Invers site preparation" gives better survival and lower cost for plantation - Mechanised plantation (next step)

Tree breeding



Tree breeding for efficient and sustainable forestry

Seedlings adapted to future climate Fast growth (15-20% greater than local materials, soon more) High genetic variation High quality and resistance against pathogens Norway Spruce, Scots Pine, Birch, Lodgepole pine

Operational plant breeding and research in strong collaboration



Operational plant breeding



Forestry and conservation at the same time





Effaråsen – a research project exploring the trade-offs between production and conservation goals







Forest energy





Productify to communicate

effective management of forest fuel by well-specified fuel products



Heatplant AB

1750 MWh of TRB - 8 and

1350 MWh of TRB - 13 "

"1750 MWh TRB - 8 is OK!

But we have only 900 MWh of TRB - 13.

Can we deliver 450 MWh of TRB - 11

instead ? "

Fuel	Moist (M %)	Ash (A %)	Main fract.	Fine fract.	Origin	
product			(P)	(F)	1	2
TRB-8	M45+	A1.0	P45	F15	Woody biomass	Stem wood
TRB-11	M45	A3.0	P45	F15	Woody biomass	Logging residues
TRB-13	M45+	A3.0	P45	F15	Woody biomass	Logging residues







...with measurement data, experience and forecast calculation...

... and communicated via national wood procurement systems... ...to obtain:

- Distinctive Order of fuel
- Clear goal for production
- Production follow-up

- Quick & distinct forecast
- Transport optimization



Measurement for production management

 Using historical <u>weather data</u> to predict moisture content in road side piles

 Using integrated <u>radar</u> to determine moisture content directly when chipping









Measurement for payment



Using <u>radar</u> to determine moisture content for the hole truckload.

- No sampling
- Fast < 2 minutes to measure all the chips in the truck

Using <u>X-ray</u> to simultaneously determine:

- Moisture content (M)
- Ash content (A)
- Net calorific value (Q)

Developing possibility to also determine:

- Main fraction (P-class)
- Fine fraction (F)



Forestry an obvious part of SKOGFORSK the bioeconomy

- Increase the pace of innovation and renewal
- S Use and develop the sustainability of forest products
- **Focus on both value and volume, overall perspective**
- Productive and gentle forest operations
- Seliability of the forestry sector
- Maintaining and developing new deep knowledge and at the same time be open for collaboration with new competences
- S Academia Institute Industry

Thanks for listening!

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